









20th Century Changes Vocabulary Terms

Term	Definition	Image
1. Union	Primarily refers to the United States of America, during the American Civil War. It refers to the government and the 20 free states and 5 border states that supported it against the Confederacy.	
2. Confederacy	This refers to the Confederate States of America, a nation formed by 11 Southern states that seceded from the United States in 1861.	
3. Segregation	The act or practice of separating people or things into different groups, often based on characteristics like race, religion, or social status.	
4. Civil Rights Movement	A decades-long campaign focused on ending racial segregation and discrimination against African Americans in the 1960s.	
5. NAACP	A civil rights organization founded in 1909. It was established to ensure the political, educational, social, and economic equality of rights of all persons and to eliminate race-based discrimination.	
6. Civil Rights Act	A comprehensive U.S. law that prohibits discrimination based on race, colour, religion, sex, and national origin.	
7. Black Power	A political, social, and cultural movement primarily in the United States, advocating for the self-determination and liberation of Black people.	
8. Wind Rush	Refers to people who migrated to the UK from Caribbean countries, particularly between 1948 and 1973, and their descendants.	
9. Women's Rights Movement	a global social movement advocating for the rights and equality of women and girls.	
10. Stonewall Riots	A series of spontaneous demonstrations by members of the LGBTQ+ community. These events are widely considered a turning point for the gay rights movement in the United States.	